### Computer Science 010: Design and Implementation of Solutions to Computational Problems

## **Assignment 6**

This is an assignment that may be done individually or as a pair. If you would like to work in a pair, you are responsible for finding a partner.

# Program #1 (95%)

You are given a table of values that gives the height of a terrain at different points in a square. Write a function,

def floodMap(terrainMap, waterLevel) that prints out a flood map, showing which of the points in the terrain would be flooded if the water level was the given value. In the flood map, print a W (Capital "W") for each flooded point and a . (period) for each point that is not flooded.

The size of the terrainMap can be assumed to be rectangular, but may vary in size.

For example:

terrainHeights = [
[1,2,3,4,5,4,3,2,1],
[1,2,3,5,5,4,3,2,1],
[1,4,5,4,5,4,3,2,1],
[1,4,3,4,5,4,4,3,2],
[1,4,3,4,5,4,3,2,2],
[1,5,5,5,5,4,3,2,1]
]
print("1")
floodMap(terrainHeights, 1)
print("2")
floodMap(terrainHeights, 2)
print("3")
floodMap(terrainHeights, 3)
print("4")
floodMap(terrainHeights, 4)
print("5")
<pre>floodMap(terrainHeights, 5)</pre>



\$ python3.5	./sample.py
1	
WW	
WW	
WW	
W	
W	
WW	
2	
WWWW	
WWWW	
WWW	
WW	
WWW	
WWW	
3	
WWWWWW	
WWWWWW	
WWWW	
W.WWW	
W.WWWW	
WWWW	
4	
WWWW.WWWW	
WWWWWWW	
WW.W.WWWW	
WWWW . WWWW	
WWWW . WWWW	
WWWWW	
5	
WWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWW	

#### Challenge Problem #2 (5%)

You are given a table of values that gives the height of a terrain at different points in a square as in program #1. Write a function,

def floodDamage(heights, percent)

that returns the lowest waterLevel at which at least percent squares on the map are flooded. For example:

1	hennede Wederhale - I
WWW	terrainHeights = [
WWW	[1,2,3,4,5,4,3,2,1,1],
WWW	[1,2,3,5,5,4,3,2,1,1],
WW	[1,4,5,4,5,4,3,2,1,1],
WW WWW	[1,4,3,4,5,4,4,3,2,1],
WW	[1,4,3,4,5,4,3,2,2,1],
WW	[1,5,5,5,5,4,3,2,1,1],
WWW	[1,4,3,4,5,4,3,2,2,1],
WWW	[1,4,3,4,5,4,4,3,2,1],
2	[1, 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1],
WWWWW	
WWWWW	[1,4,5,4,5,4,3,2,1,1],
WWWW	
WWW	
WWWW	print("1")
WWWW	<pre>floodMap(terrainHeights, 1)</pre>
WWWW	print("2")
WWW	<pre>floodMap(terrainHeights, 2)</pre>
WWWW	print("3")
WWWW 3	floodMap(terrainHeights, 3)
WWWWWWW	print("4")
WWWWWWW	<pre>floodMap(terrainHeights, 4)</pre>
WWWWW	print("5")
W.WWWW	floodMap(terrainHeights, 5)
W.WWWWW	1100unap(corrainergnos, c)
WWWWW	<pre>for i in range(0,101,10):</pre>
W.WWWWW	
W.WWWW	print("There will be %d%% flooding when water level is:" %i,
WWWWW	<pre>floodDamage(terrainHeights,i/100))</pre>
WWWWW	
4 WWWW.WWWWW	
WWWWWWWW	
WW.W.WWWWW	
WWWW . WWWWW	
WWWW.WWWWW	
WWWWWW	
WWWW.WWWWW	
WWWW . WWWWW	
WW.W.WWWWW	
WW.W.WWWWW	
5	
WWWWWWWWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWW	
WWWWWWWWW	
	flooding when water level is: 0
	flooding when water level is: 1
	flooding when water level is: 1 flooding when water level is: 2
	flooding when water level is: 2
	flooding when water level is: 3
	flooding when water level is: 4
	flooding when water level is: 4
There will be 80%	flooding when water level is: 4
	flooding when water level is: 5
There will be 100	<pre>% flooding when water level is: 5</pre>

## Challenge Problem #3 (5%)

You are given a table of values that gives the height of a terrain at different points in a square as in program #1. Write a function,

def floodAnimation(heights)

that uses ezgraphics to animate the effect of rising water level. The animation should show a frame for each possible integer waterlevel from 0 to the highest value in the terrain map.

The effect should be that the land gradually goes away.

To get full points for this challenge, the animation must work with arbitrarily sized terrainMaps and should play at a reasonable pace for viewing.